

Coastal Fire Centre: Status Report




Prepared September 22, 2021

Zone Fire Danger Rating and Activity Level		
Zone	Fire Danger Rating	Activity Level
Fraser	Very Low	1
Pemberton	Very Low	1
Sunshine Coast	Very Low	1
South Island	Low to Very Low	1
Mid Island	Very Low	1
North Island	Very Low	1
Central Coast (Bella Coola)	Very Low	1
Haida Gwaii	Very Low	1

Overview
<p>There are currently 13 fires burning in the Coastal Fire Centre. Of these, 7 are within the Fraser Zone (most lightning-caused). Of the 13 fires, 7 are being held and 6 are under control.</p> <p>Our BC Wildfire Dashboard updates automatically every two hours. If there is no change to a fire's data (e.g., it is the same size, the state of control is unchanged), no changes will be reflected on the map. The weekend rains have been helpful, but the fires still need to be individually assessed and many are in remote locations in difficult terrain.</p> <p>Please continue to watch for and report any fires that you may see to 1 800 663-5555 or *5555 on cell phones.</p>

Fire Activity			
Fires Currently Burning	13 (6 human or undetermined / 7 lightning) *Subtotals may not add up to the total since fires not classified as "lightning-caused" or "human-caused" are still under investigation.		
New Fires Last Week	0 (Sept 16 to Sept 22, 2021)		
	This Fire Season (since April 1)	Last Year (2020)	10-Year Avg. (2010 – 2020)
Total Fires to Date	210	124	175
Total Hectares to Date	7,098	1,198	21,249

Active Fires
<p>North End Long Island (V12262) – This lightning caused fire led to an Evacuation Order, which was rescinded on Aug 17. The fire is 256 ha and is Under Control.</p> <p>Copper Canyon (V62452) - This suspected human caused wildfire 13 Kms NW of Duncan is 32ha and is Under Control. The Cowichan Valley Regional District lifted an evacuation order and State of Emergency on Aug. 16, 2021.</p> <p>Mt. Hayes (V62669) – This interface wildfire discovered on Aug. 19 about 4.5km northwest of Ladysmith is 61.5 ha and is Under Control. The evacuation alert for 20 properties has been cancelled and the evacuation orders for the Fortis facility and Bush Creek Hatchery have been lifted.</p> <p>Mowhokam Creek (V11669) – This fire (natural cause) is located 2 km East of HWY 1, 80 Km North of Hope and is Being Held. Once part of the Lytton Complex, it is now being monitored by the Coastal Fire Centre (Fraser Zone).</p>

Fire Prohibitions and Restrictions		
 Open Burning Not in Effect *As of Sept. 16	 Campfires Not in Effect *As of Sept. 16	 Forest Restriction Not in Effect
For more information on specific activities that are prohibited during a Category 2, Category 3 or campfire prohibition, visit https://www2.gov.bc.ca/gov/content/safety/wildfire-status		

Coastal Fire Centre: Fire Zones







Click [here](#) for more information about the Coastal Fire Centre (Fire Danger Rating Maps, Danger Class Reports, Fire Weather Maps, Active Wildfire Map) or visit: <https://www2.gov.bc.ca/gov/content/safety/wildfire-status>

Weather Forecast
<p>OUTLOOK: (Today-tomorrow): An approaching strong frontal system will bring rain for the weekend. A moderately strong upper ridge over southern BC brings sunny warm weather today and tomorrow with afternoon highs into the low to mid 20s today and Friday. But an intensifying front bringing rain to Haida Gwaii is starting to drift southeast. Rains reach the Mid-coast zone late tomorrow while southern sections remain sunny and warm. Weak inflow winds today will shift to weak outflow winds on Friday.</p> <p>(Saturday -Monday): By Saturday morning the frontal band lies over the Mid-coast and southwest over the northern third of Vancouver Island. Rainfall amounts in the frontal zone are likely in the 10 to 15 mm range. Southern sections continue sunny and warm but with increasing inflow winds. By Sunday noon the front covers all of Vancouver Island and the rain band has moved over all southern zones. Southwest facing mountain slopes could see rainfall amounts in excess of 40 mm, while inland valleys will still likely see up to 20 mm. Monday appears wetter than Sunday with rainfall amounts from 25 to 55 mm.</p>

Coastal Contact Information

Coastal Fire Centre Information Officer: 250 951-4209
To Report a Wildfire: 1 800 663-5555 or *5555 on a cell phone
Fire Information Line: 1 888 336-7378
Burn Registration Line: 1 888 797-1717

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Zone Activity Level	
Level 1: (Exporting)	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Low to normal fire activity; no additional resource support is anticipated Adequate resources to deal with anticipated fire demands Monitor and anticipate possible support for non-wildfire provincial emergencies Zone resources may be deployed to other zones, fire centres, and out of province 	
Level 2: (Exporting/ Holding)	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> There is an increase in fire activity; zone resources are adequate to meet their demands Monitor and anticipate possible support for non-wildfire provincial emergencies Limited resources may be deployable to other zones, fire centres, or out of province 	
Level 3: (Holding)	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> There is an increase in fire activity; zone may not be able to meet local resource demands Resources from other zones / fire centres may be requested to assist zone activity Long term strategic planning becomes critical in determining what resources are needed where Zone staff on standby based on anticipated needs 	
Level 4: (Holding/ Importing)	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The zone is experiencing a high level of fire activity Zone resources will need to be supplemented from other zones / fire centres / type 2 crews Out of province resource requests for specific or critical resources may be required if provincial resource capacity is not able to handle fire demands 	
Level 5: (Importing)	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The zone is experiencing very significant fire activity, and/or extreme fire behaviour; heavy demands on provincial and fire centre resources are occurring and anticipated to continue Resource capacity is supplemented with staff from Wildfire TEAMS, other Ministries, the forest sector, Fire Departments, and type 2/3 resources 	
Fire Stages of Control	
Out of Control	Describes a wildfire that is not responding (or only responding on a limited basis) to suppression action, such that the perimeter spread is not being contained.
Being Held	Indicates that (with the resources currently committed to the fire) sufficient suppression action has been taken that the fire is not likely to spread beyond existing or predetermined boundaries under the prevailing and forecasted conditions.
Under Control	The fire has received sufficient suppression action to ensure no further spread of the fire.

Disclaimer: The information in this status report is intended for general purposes only and should not be relied on for operational decisions as fires are dynamic and situations change quickly. The BC Wildfire Service makes no warranties or guarantees either expressed or implied as to the completeness, accuracy or correctness of the information, nor accept any liability arising from any incorrect, incomplete or misleading information contained therein.

Fire Danger Rating	
Status	Description
Low	Fires may start easily and spread quickly but there will be minimal involvement of deeper fuel layers or larger fuels.
Moderate	Forest fuels are drying and there is an increased risk of surface fires starting. Carry out any forest activities with caution.
High	Forest fuels are very dry and the fire risk is serious. New fires may start easily, burn vigorously, and challenge fire suppression efforts. Open burning and industrial activities may be restricted.
Extreme	Extremely dry forest fuels and the fire risk is very serious. New fires will start easily, spread rapidly, and challenge fire suppression efforts. Open burning, industrial activities and campfires may be restricted.
Wildfire Ranks	
Rank	Description
1	Characteristics: Smouldering ground fire, no open flame, white smoke, slow (i.e. creeping) rate of fire spread. Firefighting tactics: Direct attack with ground crews using hand tools and water delivery systems (i.e. pumps and hose).
2	Characteristics: Surface fire, visible, open flame, unorganised or inconsistent flame front, slow rate of spread. Firefighting tactics: Direct attack with ground crews using hand tools, water delivery systems, or heavy equipment. Hand constructed control lines and lines that have been cleared of combustible material will likely be successful.
3	Characteristics: Organised flame front – fire progressing in organised manner, occasional candling may be observed along the perimeter and/or within the fire, moderate rate of spread. Firefighting tactics: Hand constructed control lines alone are likely to be challenged, ground crews conducting direct attack may require air support from fixed-wing air tankers, skimmers or helicopters conducting bucketing or tanking operations. Control lines constructed by heavy equipment will generally be effective.
4	Characteristics: Grey to black smoke, organised surface flame front, moderate to fast rate of spread on the ground, short aerial bursts through the forest canopy, short-range spotting. Firefighting tactics: Ground operations may not be successful at the head of the fire, indirect tactics may be required to bring the head of the fire under control. Parallel attack may be used along the flanks of the fire to direct the head into favourable ground or fuels. Air operations may be required to support ground personnel.
5	Characteristics: Black to copper smoke, organised crown fire front, moderate to long-range spotting and spot fire growth. Firefighting tactics: The limited options available include indirect attack and planned ignitions to remove fuel in the path of this type of fire behaviour. Ground operations are often restricted to fighting the least active sections of the fire or conducting ground ignition operations from secure control lines with readily available escape routes and safety zones.
6	Characteristics: Organised crown fire front, long-range spotting and independent spot fire growth, possible fireballs and whirls, violent fire behaviour probable, a dominant smoke column may develop which influences fire behaviour. Firefighting tactics: Firefighting under these conditions is extremely dangerous. Suppression efforts will be well away from active fire behaviour and may include preparing structure protection measures or conducting indirect large-scale ignition operations in an attempt to steer the fire. Often, the safest and most prudent strategy is to pull resources back to safe areas, ensure that personnel and the general public are safe, and wait for fire behaviour to lessen before re-engaging in fire suppression operations.



RANK 1

RANK 2

RANK 3

RANK 4

RANK 5

RANK 6

